

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1020**

DIGEST OF HB 1020 (Updated February 17, 2009 1:34 pm - DI 107)

Citations Affected: IC 9-30.

Synopsis: Ignition interlock devices. Provides that a court may grant probationary driving privileges to a person who is convicted of operating a vehicle or motorboat while intoxicated (OWI) and who does not have a previous OWI conviction or whose previous OWI conviction was at least ten years in the past and may order the person to not operate a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device for six months. Requires a court, when granting probationary driving privileges to a person who is convicted of OWI and whose previous OWI conviction was at least five but less than ten years in the past, to grant the probationary driving privileges subject to the condition that for six months the person may not operate a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device.

Effective: July 1, 2009.

## Duncan, Lawson L, Crouch

January 7, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. February 17, 2009, amended, reported — Do Pass.



First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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## **HOUSE BILL No. 1020**

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 9-30-5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.126-2008
SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 10. (a) In addition to a criminal penalty imposed
for an offense under this chapter or IC 14-15-8, the court shall, after
reviewing the person's bureau driving record and other relevan
evidence, recommend the suspension of the person's driving privileges
for the fixed period of time specified under this section. The court may
require that a period of suspension recommended under this section be
imposed, if applicable, before a period of incarceration or after a period
of incarceration, or both before and after a period of incarceration, as
long as the suspension otherwise complies with the periods established
in this section.

- (b) If the court finds that the person:
  - (1) does not have a previous conviction of operating a vehicle or a motorboat while intoxicated; or
  - (2) has a previous conviction of operating a vehicle or a motorboat while intoxicated that occurred at least ten (10) years

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before the conviction under consideration by the court; the court shall recommend the suspension of the person's driving privileges for at least ninety (90) days but not more than two (2) years. The court may stay the execution of the part of the suspension that exceeds the minimum period of suspension and grant the person probationary driving privileges for a period equal to the length of the stay. Except as provided in subsection (g), if the court grants probationary driving privileges under this subsection, the court may order that the probationary driving privileges include the condition that for six (6) months the person may not operate a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8.

(c) If the court finds that the person has a previous conviction of operating a vehicle or a motorboat while intoxicated and the previous conviction occurred more than five (5) years but less than ten (10) years before the conviction under consideration by the court, the court shall recommend the suspension of the person's driving privileges for at least one hundred eighty (180) days but not more than two (2) years. The court may stay the execution of that part of the suspension that exceeds the minimum period of suspension and grant the person probationary driving privileges for a period of time equal to the length of the stay. Except as provided in subsection (g), if the court grants probationary driving privileges under this subsection, the court shall order that the probationary driving privileges include the condition that for six (6) months the person may not operate a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8.

(d) If the court finds that the person has a previous conviction of operating a vehicle or a motorboat while intoxicated and the previous conviction occurred less than five (5) years before the conviction under consideration by the court, the court shall recommend the suspension of the person's driving privileges for at least one (1) year but not more than two (2) years. The court may stay the execution of that part of the suspension that exceeds the minimum period of suspension and grant the person probationary driving privileges for a period of time equal to the length of the stay. **Except as provided in subsection (g),** if the court grants probationary driving privileges under this subsection, the court shall order that the probationary driving privileges include the requirement condition that for six (6) months the person may not operate a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8. However, the court may grant probationary driving privileges under











this subsection without requiring the installation of an ignition
interlock device if the person is successfully participating in a cou
supervised alcohol treatment program in which the person is takir
disulfiram or a similar substance that the court determines is effective
in treating alcohol abuse. The person granted probationary driving
privileges under this subsection shall pay all costs associated with the
installation of an ignition interlock device unless the sentencing cou
determines that the person is indigent.

- (e) If the conviction under consideration by the court is for an offense under:
  - (1) section 4 of this chapter;
  - (2) section 5 of this chapter;
  - (3) IC 14-15-8-8(b); or
- 14 (4) IC 14-15-8-8(c);

the court shall recommend the suspension of the person's driving privileges for at least two (2) years but not more than five (5) years.

- (f) If the conviction under consideration by the court is for an offense involving the use of a controlled substance listed in schedule I, II, III, IV, or V of IC 35-48-2, in which a vehicle was used in the offense, the court shall recommend the suspension or revocation of the person's driving privileges for at least six (6) months.
- (g) If a person is granted probationary driving privileges under subsection (b), (c), or (d) subject to the condition that the person may not operate a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device, the person shall pay all costs associated with the installation of an ignition interlock device in the person's motor vehicle unless the sentencing court determines that the person is indigent.

SECTION 2. IC 9-30-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.172-2006, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 1. (a) If a court orders the installation of a certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-5 on a motor vehicle that a person whose license is restricted owns or expects to operate, except as provided in subsection (b), the court shall set the time that the installation must remain in effect. However, the term may not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment the court could have imposed. The person shall pay the cost of installation unless the sentencing court determines that the person is indigent.

(b) If the court orders installation of a certified ignition interlock device under <del>IC 9-30-5-10(d), IC 9-30-5-10, the installation must remain in effect for a period of six (6) months.</del>









## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1020, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 9, delete "shall" and insert "may".

Page 3, delete lines 22 through 29.

Page 3, line 30, delete "(h)" and insert "(g)".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1020 as introduced.)

LAWSON L, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 10, nays 0.





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